Registered number: 09707843

# STRIDES PHARMA GLOBAL (UK) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

Mr M K Pillai (resigned 10 June 2020)

Mr V Kumar Mr K T Parthasarathy

Registered number

09707843

Registered office

Unit 4 Metro Centre

Tolpits Lane Watford Hertfordshire WD18 9SS

Independent auditor

MHA MacIntyre Hudson

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

6th Floor

2 London Wall Place

London EC2Y 5AU

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the holding of investments.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

Mr M K Pillai (resigned 10 June 2020) Mr V Kumar Mr K T Parthasarathy

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### **Auditor**

The auditor, MHA MacIntyre Hudson, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Mr K Tharthasarathy

Director

Date: 10 | Sep | 20

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS, AS A BODY, OF STRIDES PHARMA GLOBAL (UK) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Strides Pharma Global (UK) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS, AS A BODY, OF STRIDES PHARMA GLOBAL (UK) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS, AS A BODY, OF STRIDES PHARMA GLOBAL (UK) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Rakesh Shaunak FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of MHA MacIntyre Hudson Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 6th Floor 2 London Wall Place

London EC2Y 5AU

Date: 11 September 2020

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Administrative expenses	(239,021)	(83,956)
Fair value movements	(1,129,482)	134,877
Operating (loss)/profit	(1,368,503)	50,921
Income from fixed assets investments	2,001,600	:-:
Profit before tax	633,097	50,921
Profit for the financial year	633,097	50,921

There was no other comprehensive income for 2020 (2019:£NIL).

The notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# STRIDES PHARMA GLOBAL (UK) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:09707843

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

Note		2020 £		2019 £
		•		L
5		19,918,292		20,429,102
		19.918.292		20,429,102
				=0,1=0,102
6	496,378		476,841	
7	16,232		7,554	
	512,610		484,395	
8	(3.263.213)		(4.378.905)	
(A. T.)				
		(2,750,603)		(3,894,510)
		17,167,689		16,534,592
		17,167,689		16,534,592
10		43,357,438		43,357,438
		(26,189,749)		(26,822,846)
		17,167,689		16,534,592
	6 7 8	5  6	Note £  19,918,292  19,918,292  6 496,378 7 16,232  512,610  8 (3,263,213)  (2,750,603)  17,167,689  10 43,357,438 (26,189,749)	Note £  19,918,292  19,918,292  6 496,378 476,841 7 16,232 7,554  512,610 484,395  8 (3,263,213) (4,378,905)  (2,750,603)  17,167,689  10 43,357,438 (26,189,749)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr K T Parthasarathy

Director V

10/9/2020

Date:

The notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 1. General information

Strides Pharma Global (UK) Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 4 Metro Centre, Tolpits Lane, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 9SS.

#### 2. Accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Directors have considered relevant information, including the annual budget, forecast future cash flows and the impact of subsequent events in making their assessment. The Directors have also considered the availability of continued financial support from the parent company — Strides Pharma Science Limited, in evaluating their assessment. The Strides Group has continued to trade through the COVID-19 pandemic as "essential" categorised entities (being manufacturer and wholesaler of pharmaceutical goods) and the forecasts and budgets suggest the group will continue to do so. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Directors have performed a robust analysis of forecast future cash flows taking into account the potential impact on the business of possible future scenarios arising from the impact of COVID-19. This analysis also considers the effectiveness of available measures to assist in mitigating the impact.

The Company made a profit of £633,097 (2019: £50,921) and, as at the year end date its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by £2,750,603 (2019: £3,894,510). The Company has its investment in subsidiaries operating in EU and USA markets and the management believes that there is a huge potential for these subsidiaries to be able to help the Company realise its assets and discharge its liabilities.

Based on these assessments and having regard to the resources available to the entity, the Directors have concluded that there is no material uncertainty and that they can continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Foreign currency translation

### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'other operating income'.

#### 2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance Sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

#### 2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Investments in non-derivative instruments that are equity to the issuer are measured:

 at fair value with changes recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or income as appropriate. The company does not currently apply hedge accounting for interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives.

#### 2.10 Dividends

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2019 - 3).

#### 4. Income from investments

	2020 £	2019 £
Dividends received from unlisted investments	2,001,600	<b>*</b>
	2,001,600	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# 5. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £	Listed investments £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2019	23,636,292	1,234,519	24,870,811
Additions	764,834	-	764,834
Revaluations	•	(1,129,482)	(1,129,482)
At 31 March 2020	24,401,126	105,037	24,506,163
Impairment			
At 1 April 2019	4,441,709		4,441,709
Charge for the period	146,162	1986	146,162
At 31 March 2020	4,587,871		4,587,871
Net book value			
At 31 March 2020	19,813,255	105,037	19,918,292
At 31 March 2019	19,194,583	1,234,519	20,429,102

# Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Class of shares	Holding
Strides Pharma UK Ltd	Unit 4 The Metro Centre, Dwight Road, Watford, WD18 9SS	Ordinary	100%
Beltapharm S.p.A	Via Stelvio, 66, 20095, Cusano Milanino MI, Italy.	Ordinary	97.94%
Altima Innovations Inc	5th Floor Charles Hose, 108/110 Fubchley Road, London, United Kingdom, NW3 5JJ	Ordinary	100%

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# 5. Fixed asset investments (continued)

# Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2020 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Aggregate of share capital and	
Name	reserves £	Profit/(Loss)
Strides Pharma UK Ltd	7,640,523	3,236,694
Beltapharm S.p.A	2,145,804	(1,008,041)
Altima Innovations Inc	2,682,201	(26)

NOTES TO THE	<b>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</b>
FOR THE YEAR	ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

6.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	496,378	476,841
		496,378	476,841
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	16,232	7,554
		16,232	7,554
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors	( <b>=</b> 7),	3,060
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,255,153	4,367,985
	Accruals and deferred income	8,060	7,860
		3,263,213	4,378,905
9.	Financial instruments		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Financial assets		

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of listed investments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 10. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2020 £	2019 £
22,086,538 (2019 - 22,086,538) Ordinary Shares shares of £1.00 each 212,709 (2019 - 212,709) Preference shares shares of £100.00 each	22,086,538 21,270,900	22,086,538 21,270,900
	43,357,438	43,357,438

# 11. Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Strides Pharma Science Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS102 para 33.1A and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with other wholly-owned subsidiaries which form part of the group headed by Strides Pharma Science Limited.

At the year end the company was due £72,411 (2019: £73,037) from BeltaPharma S.p.A, a subsidiary company.

## 12. Controlling party

The company is owned by Strides Arcolab International Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is Strides Pharma Science Ltd, an entity registered in India. The consolidated accounts are available at the registered address of the ultimate parent. The address is 201, Devavrata, Sector 17, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703, India. There is no ultimate controlling party.

The company is exempt from producing consolidated accounts as it is included in the consolidated accounts of the parent company.

# DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Administration expenses	(239,021)	(83,956)
Fair value movements	(1,129,482)	134,877
Operating (loss)/profit	(1,368,503)	50,921
Investment income	2,001,600	
Profit for the year	633,097	50,921

# SCHEDULE TO THE DETAILED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
Administration expenses		
Legal and professional	240	264
Auditor's remuneration	2,702	5,490
Bank charges	83	135
Difference on foreign exchange	89,834	78,067
Impairment charge in subsidiaries	146,162	.=
	239,021	83,956
	2020	2019
Investment income	£	£
Dividends received - unlisted investments	2,001,600	
	2,001,600	